

Training Module 1 – Securing your photovoltaic project

EnergyEfficiency4SMEs Project

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Date, Location





ENERGY EFFICIENCY 4SMES

A European Project

• European Program: LIFE

• Length: 36 months (Nov 2022 - Oct 2025)

• Total Budget : 1,84 M€

• Consortium: 23 partners from 10 different countries

• **Coordinator**: Eurochambres

• Structure of the project: 8 WP

Targets : SMEs from 3 sectors:

- Hospitality and restaurants (NACE codes I 55 to I 56.3.0)
- Agri-food Industry (NACE codes C10 to C11.0.7)
- Metals Industry (NACE codes C24 to C25.9.9)

What are the main points to bear in mind when planning a photovoltaic project?

When you want to carry out a photovoltaic project, it's not enough just to determine a return on investment before taking the plunge. You need to review certain constraints and identify the points to watch out for, depending on your situation, to be able to estimate the feasibility and refine the profitability of your future project.

Check what could hinder a project or make it less profitable

Contents

- Technical constraints: Structure, Waterproofing, Shading
- Planning constraints
- Connection constraints
- Insurance risk



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* Life * *

Setting up several scenarios



We set up several scenarios in order to be as close as possible to your needs...

Ex:

Scenario 2 : East Roof Only

Gross Area 280 m²



Scenario 1: North roof only

Gross area 500m²

But also so that you can have a better overview of the project!

Scenario 3 : North East Roof

Gross area 780m²

Performance indicators



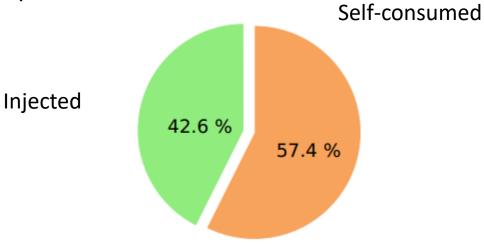


We set up two performance indicators for you to enlighten you on what your photovoltaic panels will be used for.

Self-consumption rate

The self-consumption rate is the share of energy produced by the photovoltaic panels that you will be able to consume directly. It is calculated based on your typical annual consumption.

Exemple:

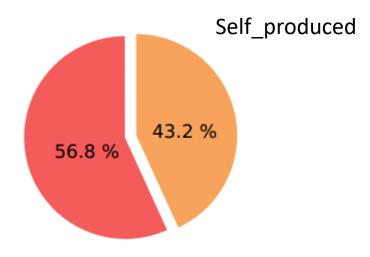


This company could consume 57% of what is produced!

Energy independence

The coverage rate (or energy independence) expresses what self-consumption will represent on your total consumption

Exemple:



43% of your consumption will come from your solar panels!

Financial indicators





We are setting up two monetary indicators for you to enlighten you on what the photovoltaic panel project will represent financially as well as what it could bring you (according to the different scenarios)

Return on investment schedule

The return on investment will be proportionately faster depending on the size of the project. Knowing that a PV project has a minimum longevity estimated at 20 years.

Exemple:

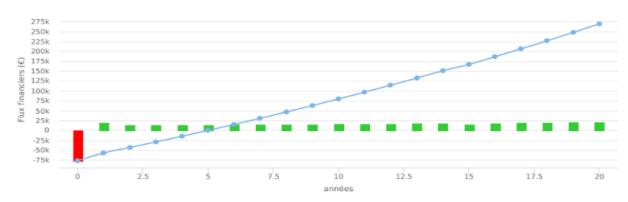
As shown in the graph on the right, the payback time is



Revenue after amortization

The internal rate of return takes into account all financial flows and expresses them in an annual return provided by the project.

Exemple:



For this project could bring in up to +/- €270,000!!



The current trends are favorable to better IRR with the increase in energy costs and the decrease in equipment costs; Go for it!

Risk factors:



Urban planning

What are the constraints?

Architecte des bâtiments de France Natural and technological risks Civil aviation

Connectio ns Are there any costs involved in reinforcing or extending the network?



Can the framework withstand the work or does it need reinforcing?ls the waterproofing compatible?Will my installation be overshadowed?

Technique

Are the risks insurable?

Insurance

Technical constraints: The existing roof



The strength of its framework:

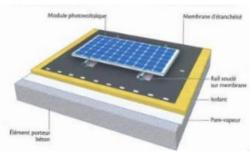
On a roof, the added weight of the installation can exceed the original strength of the structure.

 $+20 \text{ kg/m}^2$

This may require reinforcement work which, depending on its complexity, will either make the project more costly or doom it.___



If the roof has a waterproof coating, it may be too fragile to accept panels.



In this case, it is best to wait or hurry to repair the waterproofing.



The technical opinion of a structural design office will provide you with information at a lower cost.

Technical constraints: Close masks



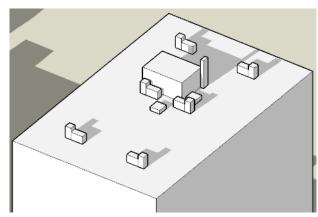
Cast shadows:

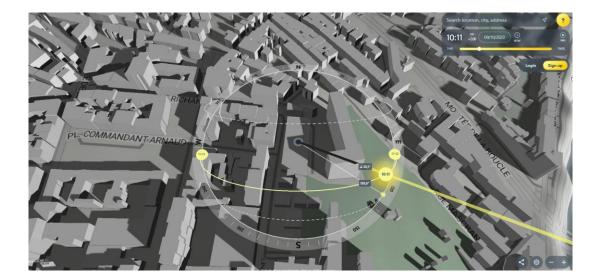
Photovoltaic calculation software only takes geographical relief into account when estimating the amount of sunshine an installation will receive.



10% shodow = 50% wasting

It's up to you to check whether there are any nearby masks (trees, signs, aediculae, etc.) and whether they cast a shadow over the planned location.

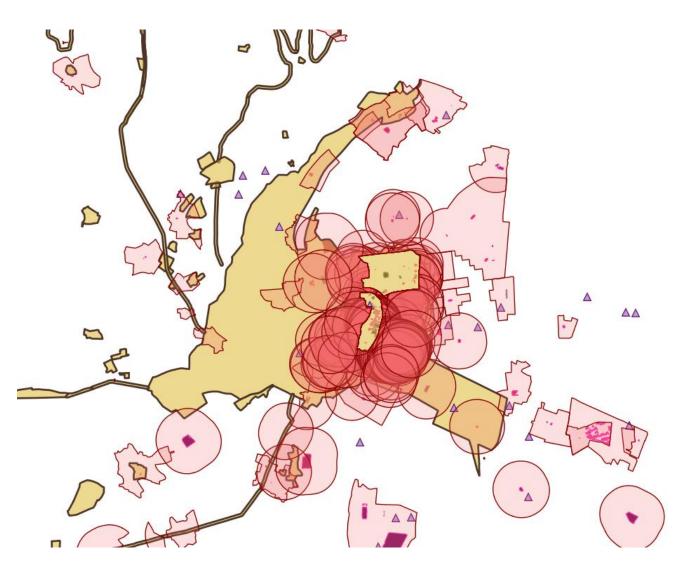






Free software to help you simulate the shadows of neighbouring buildings

Local planning regulations may impose constraints or prohibitions that could hamper your project:



The various ABF constraints:

Perimeter around "remarkable heritage sites

Surroundings of "historic monuments"

Constraints around "listed or registered sites



You need to consult the zoning plans and related regulations before committing to any major expenditure on your project.

Planning constraints: ** Liber ** Prevention of natural and technological risks

Local planning regulations may impose constraints or prohibitions that could hamper your project:

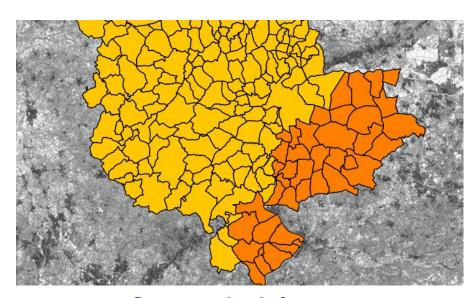
Flooding



Building bans depending on the flood zone



Ground risk



Structural reinforcement according to seismicity zone

You need to consult the zoning plans and related regulations before committing to any major expenditure on your project.



Planning constraints:

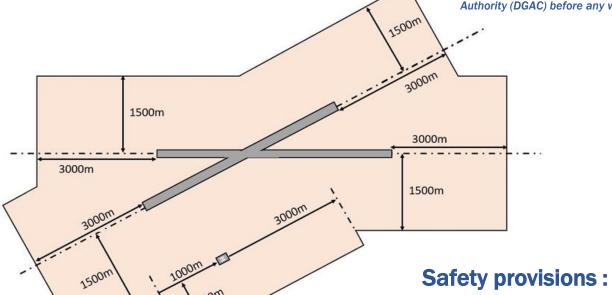


Civil aviation

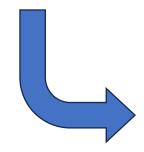
Provisions relating to compliance:

- No disruption to air navigation equipment
- No creation of obstacles dangerous to air traffic
- Maintenance of other conditions of approval and operation

Article L. 1612 of the French Transport Code: any project to install photovoltaic panels, whatever its size or geographical location in France (metropolitan France + overseas departments (DOM) + overseas countries and territories (PTOM)), must be submitted to the French Civil Aviation Authority (DGAC) before any work is undertaken.



- Glare risk
- Risks associated with airport operations



You need to check the set-back distances from the nearest aerodrome.



Network connection constraints * *

The location of the installation may result in high connection costs, or even be impossible to achieve for reasons internal to the network operator (ENEDIS in France).



Connection risks:

- Additional cost of extension
- Additional cost of reinforcement
- Impossible to reinforce

Connection rates vary from around 100 euros to over 30,000 euros.

You can simulate the complexity of the connection on the network operator's website

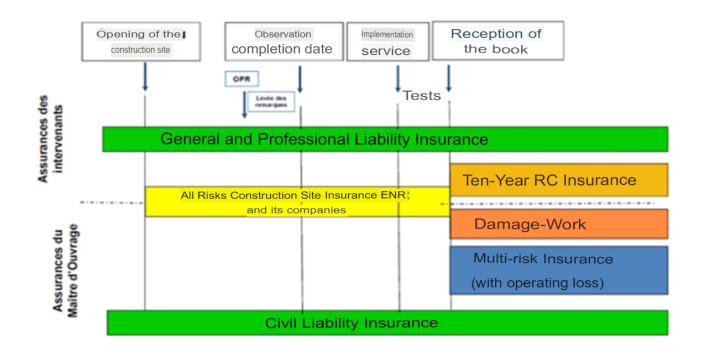
https://mon-compte-professionnel.enedis.fr/raccorder/



Insurance risk:



On site:



Activity constraints:

>Under-roof activities subject to exemption

- •Electrolytic surface treatment of metals
- Manufacture of organo-mineral fertilisers
- Manufacture of chemical products
- Manufacture of rubber products and tyres
- Manufacture and processing of cellular plastics
- Packaging and storage of aerosol cans
- Manufacture of candles and other wax objects
- •Manufacture of textiles, knitwear and clothing Leather and hides industry
- •Recycling of all kinds (paper, metals, etc.)
- Sawmills
- •Manufacture of wooden packaging and pallets
- •Manufacture of plywood panels, particle boards and cork industry
- Furniture shops
- •Drying and sterilisation of plants, fruit and vegetables, grinding of fodder and other plants
- Slaughter of poultry, rabbits and game
- Tobacco manufacturing
- Treatment of industrial waste
- Retail outlets
- •Cabarets, nightclubs, dance halls, discotheques Flammable liquid warehouses.





Inform your insurer of your project at an early stage, and ask your project manager or installer to provide answers to these technical questions.





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Thank you for your attention!

